



# National University of Science and Technology POLITEHNICA Bucharest

- accelerating industrial revolutions -

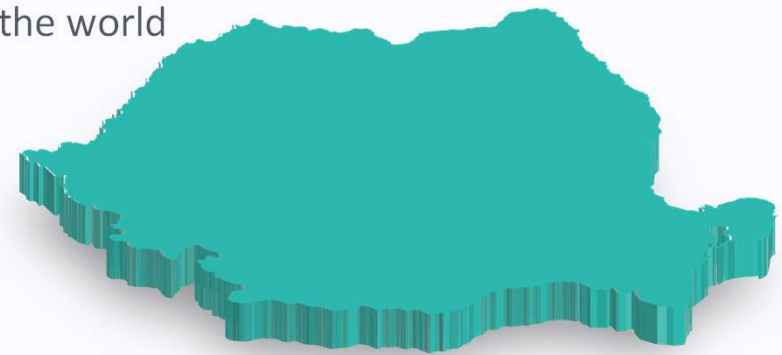


Hello!

# Romania

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- ⦿12th largest country in Europe by size
- ⦿6th largest country in the EU by population (19.3 mil.)
- ⦿Official language Romanian – romance language
- ⦿4th in EU by the average number of languages learned in upper secondary schools
- ⦿English and French – dominant foreign languages spoken in the country
- ⦿Fastest growing industry: IT, while Romania has one of the fastest internet infrastructures in the world



Hello!

# Bucharest

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- ⦿ Political, economic and cultural center of Romania
- ⦿ Largest city in Romania, with 1.8 mil inhabitants
- ⦿ 4th largest city in EU
- ⦿ It holds the second largest administrative building in the world – The Parliament Palace and many other impressive historical landmarks



# WHO WE ARE



## Tradition

The most prestigious technical university in Romania, with over 200 years of history



## Research

The most important research center in the region, with outputs towards the private sector



## Partner

An international partner to over 1.000 companies

# Quality teaching and learning

40,000 students enrolled in BSc, MSc, and PhD studies

**Over 4000** total staff; **over 1600** academic staff

**21** faculties, **67** study programs in foreign languages

## **Bachelor**

**153** Bachelor's Degree Programs

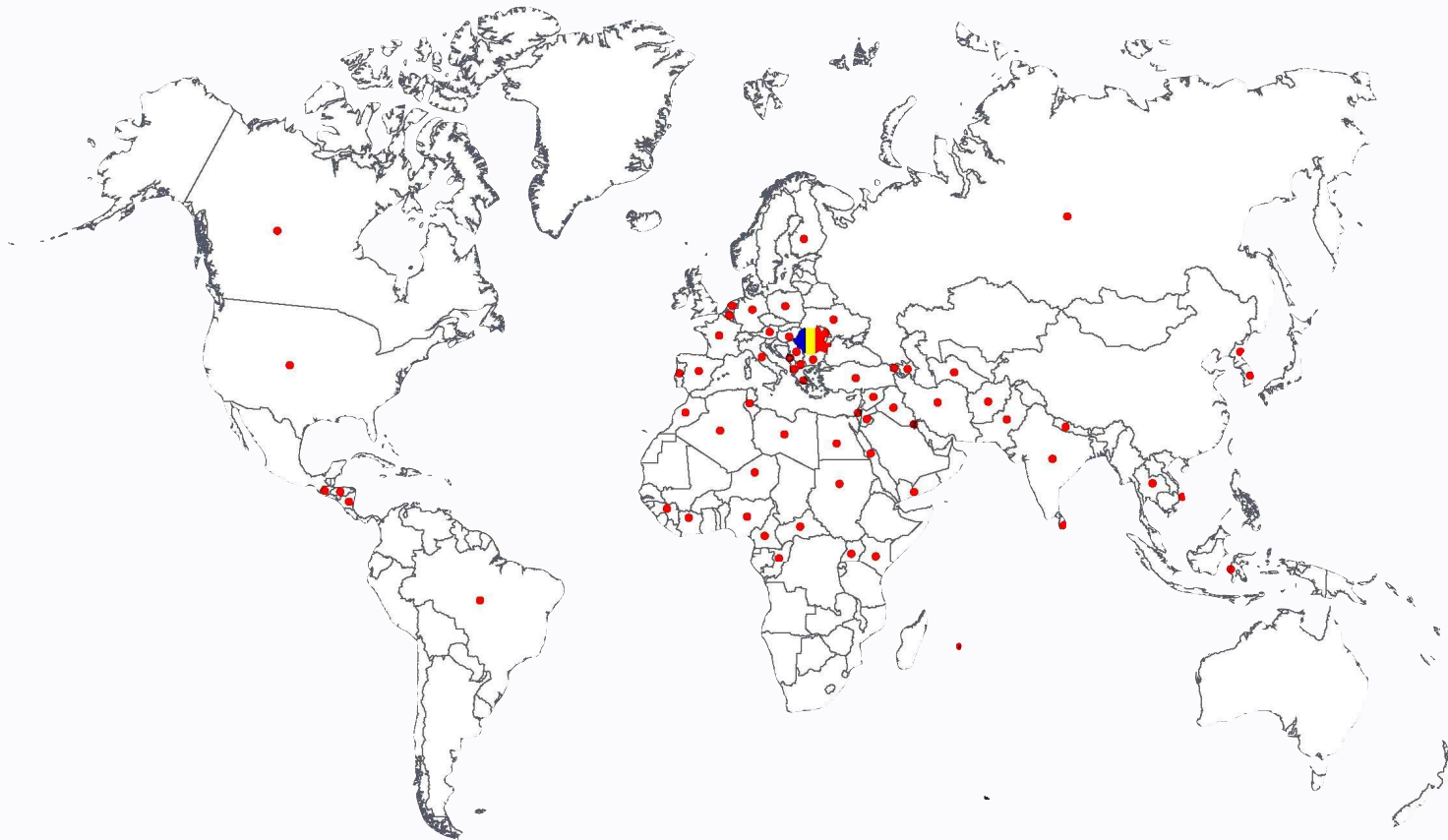
## **Master**

**244** Master Degree Programs

## **PhD**

**19** Doctoral Schools

# Grown locally, spread internationally



collaborating with universities from **over 100 countries**

# EELISA European University

Politehnica Bucharest is a member of EELISA (European Engineering Learning Innovation and Science Alliance) - the first alliance of Higher Education Institutions from different countries in Europe meant to define and implement a common model of European engineer rooted in society.

10 European partners and one Associated partner – ENAEE (European Network for Accreditation of Engineering Education)



**EELISA**  
European University

<https://eelisa.eu/>



Research Infrastructure





# Research at a large scale

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## Infrastructure

- ⦿ 87 research centres
- ⦿ 34,000 m<sup>2</sup> dedicated to research
- ⦿ 70 new state-of-the-art laboratories
- ⦿ 115 pending patents
- ⦿ Over 1,000 WOS publications yearly



# Research at a large scale

- ◉ Over 500 implemented research projects in the last 3 years (2021-2023)
- ◉ 2 grants funded by European Research Council
- ◉ Projects funded from European Funds: almost 40% of the total university project funds;
- ◉ GEX and GNaC grants from Politehnica Bucharest own programmes - 225 research projects for young post-doctoral researchers;
- ◉ Politehnica Bucharest received the 'HR Excellence in research' in 2020 for implementing the Human Resources Strategy for Researchers (HRS4R)

# Research at a large scale

**Through Romania's Recovery and Resilience Plan,** Politehnica is currently implementing:

- 4 projects for the development of Competence Centers:
  - “Adaptation to Climate Change”
  - “A Soil Deal for Europe”
  - “Climate-Neutral and Smart Cities”
  - “Cancer”
- 7 research projects to attract highly specialized human resources from abroad

***Component 9 - Support for the Private Sector, Research, Development and Innovation***

# Over 1000 partner companies



**Adobe** Google

**Continental** 

**THALES**  
Building a future we can all trust

**OMV**



**RENAULT**

**ENGIE**

  
**SAINT-GOBAIN**

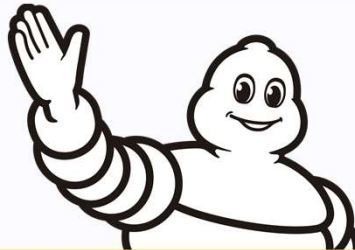
**ORACLE®**

**IBM**

 **Microsoft**

**orange™**

**Honeywell**



**MICHELIN**

 **VEOLIA**

# International Associations Membership



# Mobility programs



European project semester



Erasmus+

Erasmus+



Erasmus Mundus

Erasmus Mundus Joint Master Degree



**ATHENS NETWORK**  
ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY  
HIGHER EDUCATION NETWORK

Athens Network



Double degree

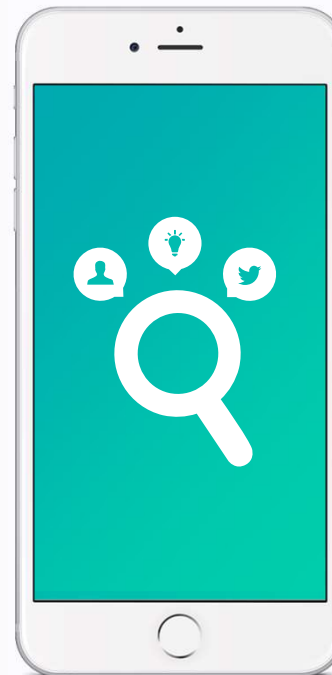
# A voice that cannot be ignored

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UPB is renowned at the national and regional level. We do more than reach all media outlets. We are a media outlet.

Starting this year, UPB is launching **EURONEWS ROMANIA** - a voice for the European education. Stay tuned!

Important events within UPB will benefit from not just national, but international coverage.



TV channels



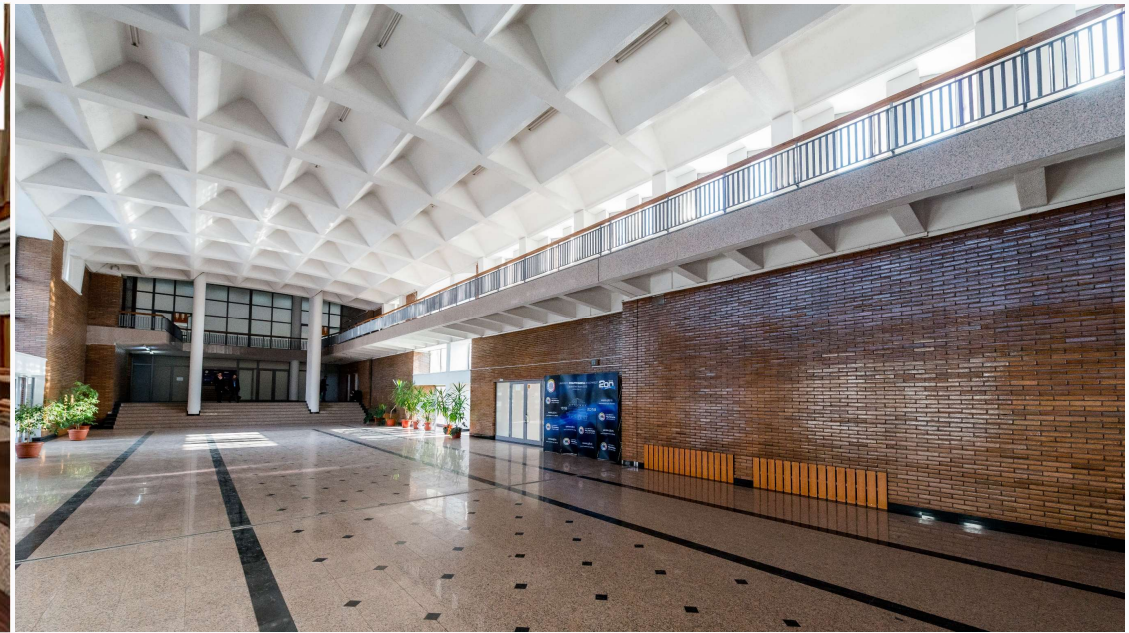
Social media



Press



# The UPB Event Hub



The central Rectorate Building



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# New trends in Bioengineering Education

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# Traditional Engineering Education



Highly sequential, a pyramid of prerequisites

Highly specialized within majors

Little flexibility (few free electives)

Stress scientific analysis rather than design and synthesis

Too much technical content at the expense of a broader, liberal education

# Traditional Undergraduate Curriculum

Passing Through Filters

Science  
Mathematics  
Humanities &  
Social Sciences

I Freshman

Science  
Mathematics  
Eng. Science  
H . & S. S.

II Sophomore

Eng. Science  
Disciplinary Eng.  
H . & S. S.

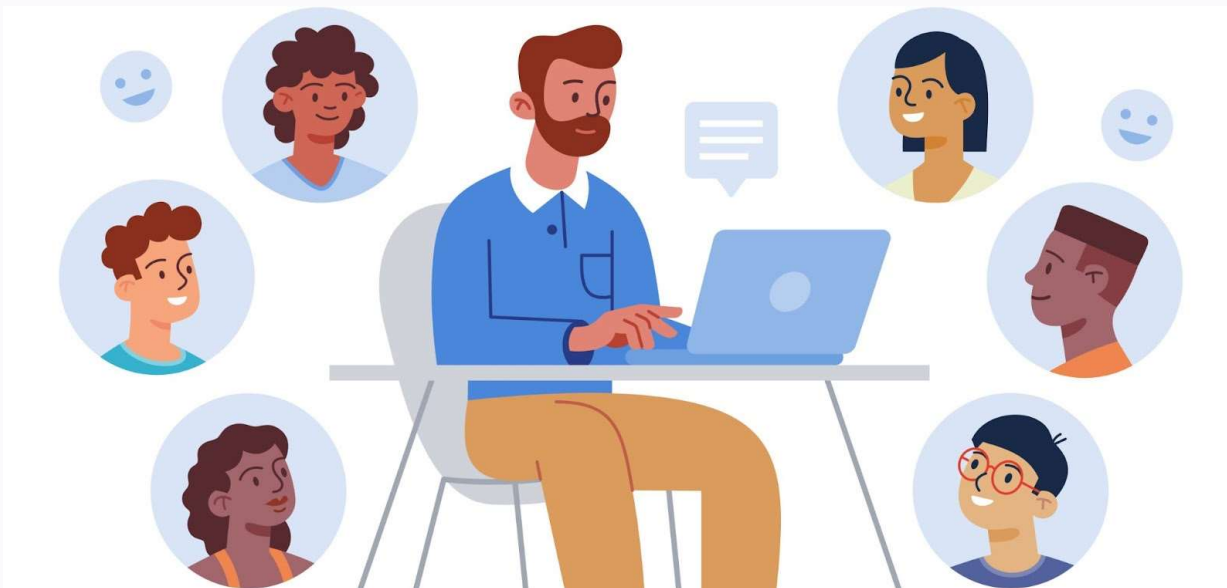
III Junior

Disciplinary Eng.  
Design Project  
H . & S. S.

IV Senior



# What do employers want?



Strong Technical Skills

Problem-Solving and Analytical Thinking

Strong Communication Skills

Adaptability and Continuous Learning

# Some Observations about Education

**Peter Drucker:** “We will redefine what it means to be an educated person. Traditionally an educated person was someone who had a prescribed stock of formal knowledge. Increasingly, an educated person will be someone who has learned how to learn, and who continues learning throughout his or her lifetime.”

Ancient  
Chinese  
proverb:

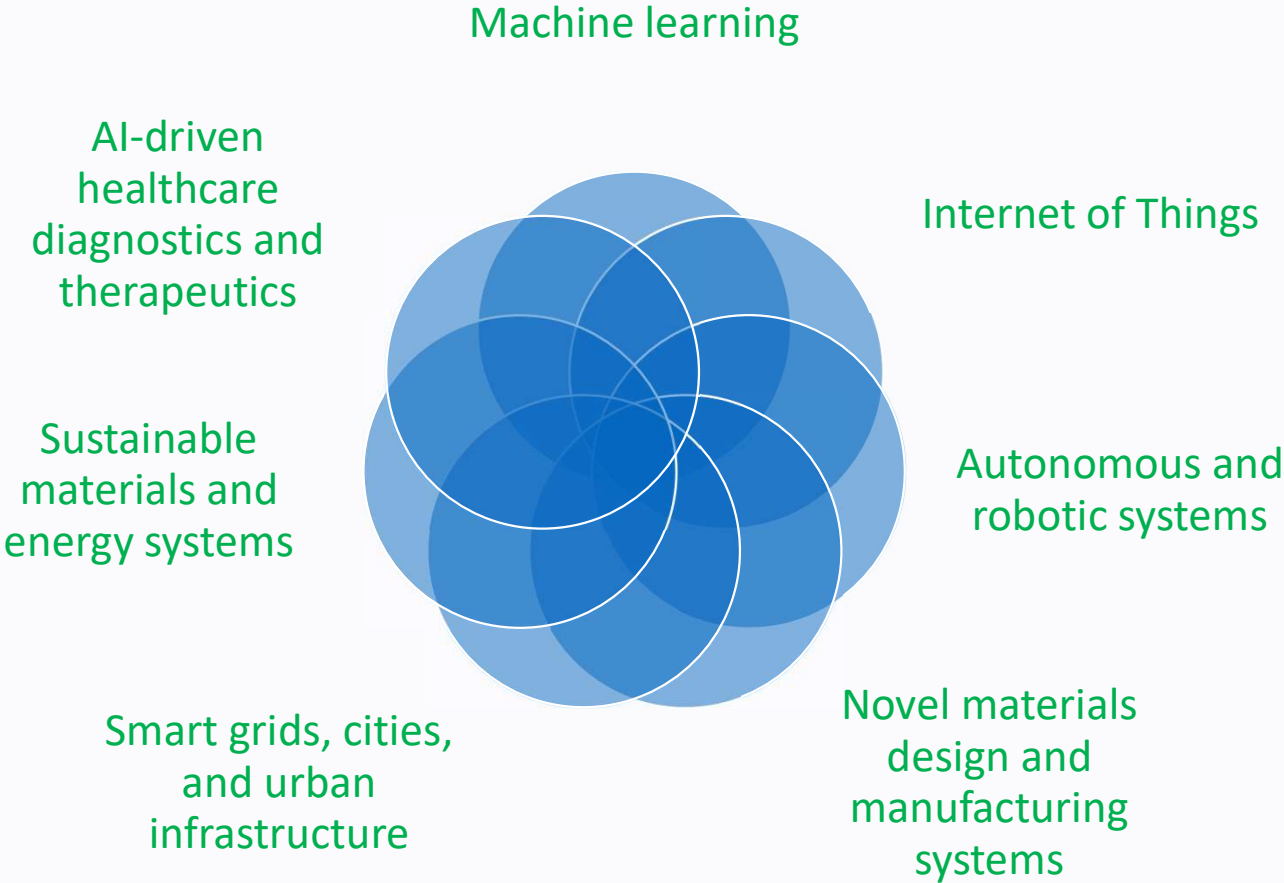
- I hear, and I forget.
- I see, and I remember.
- I do, and I understand!



# A 21st Century World



# The New Machines of tomorrow



# New trends in Bioengineering

## Integration of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML)

### 1. Curriculum Development

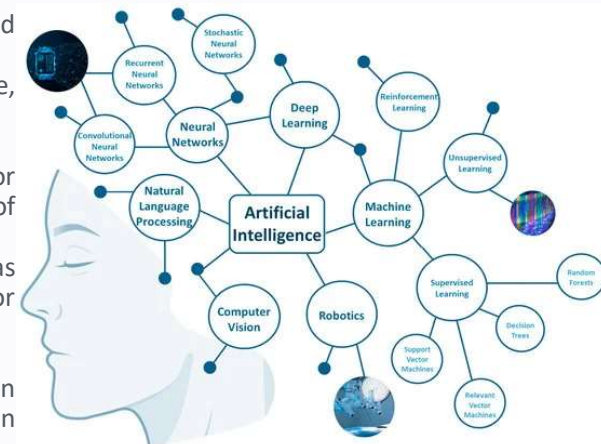
- AI and ML Fundamentals:** Introduce fundamental courses on AI and ML, focusing on algorithms, data science, and their applications in biological systems. These courses could cover topics like supervised and unsupervised learning, neural networks, deep learning, and natural language processing (NLP).
- Application-Based Learning:** Develop modules or courses that apply AI and ML specifically to bioengineering problems. This could include the use of AI in genetic engineering, drug discovery, tissue engineering, and biomedical imaging.
- Interdisciplinary Approach:** Encourage an interdisciplinary curriculum that combines bioengineering with computer science, mathematics, and data science to provide a more holistic understanding of AI and ML applications in biological contexts.

### 2. Hands-On Projects and Laboratories

- AI and ML in Laboratory Work:** Incorporate AI and ML into lab exercises where students can work with real-world datasets. For example, analyzing genomic data to identify patterns associated with diseases or using ML algorithms to predict the behavior of synthetic biological systems.
- Capstone Projects:** Encourage students to undertake capstone projects that involve AI and ML. These projects could focus on areas like developing predictive models for patient outcomes, creating AI-based tools for bioinformatics, or designing intelligent systems for bio-manufacturing processes.

### 3. Use of AI Tools and Software

- Data Analysis and Visualization:** Teach students how to use AI tools and software for data analysis and visualization in bioengineering. For example, using ML algorithms to interpret high-throughput biological data or employing AI for image analysis in biomedical imaging.
- Simulation and Modeling:** Utilize AI for simulating complex biological systems and processes. This can help students understand dynamic interactions within biological systems, such as enzyme kinetics, cellular signaling pathways, or physiological responses to stimuli.





# New trends in Bioengineering

## Precision Medicine and Genomic Engineering

### 1. Curriculum Development

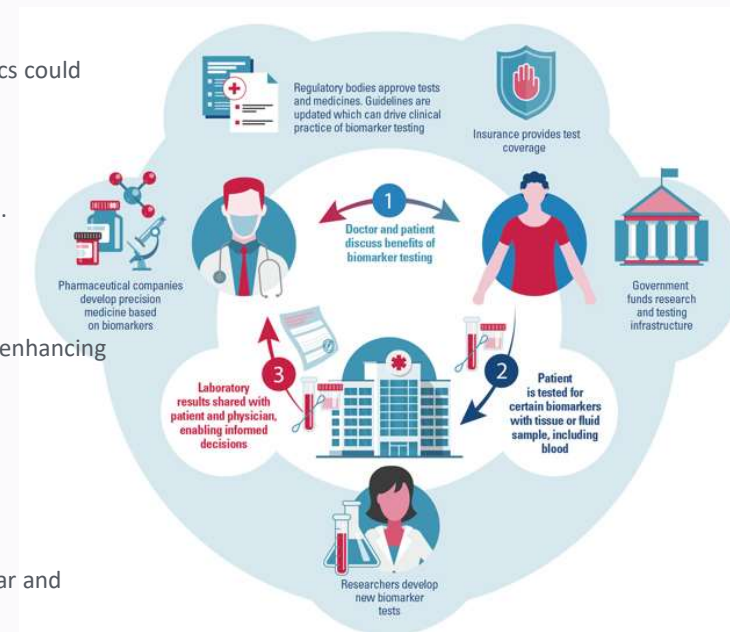
- Develop core courses that introduce students to the principles of genomics, genetic variation, and personalized medicine. Topics could include DNA sequencing technologies, gene editing techniques (such as CRISPR), and the principles of pharmacogenomics.
- Cover applications in genetic therapy, agricultural biotechnology, and synthetic biology.
- Encourage an interdisciplinary curriculum combining bioengineering, molecular biology, genetics, computer science, and ethics.

### 2. Integration of Bioinformatics and Computational Tools

- Offer courses on bioinformatics tools and algorithms used for genomic data analysis.
- Train students to use computational models to predict individual responses to therapies based on genetic and molecular data, enhancing their understanding of personalized healthcare strategies.

### 3. Simulation and Modeling Virtual Simulations of Genetic Engineering:

- Utilize virtual labs and simulations to model genetic engineering processes, allowing students to experiment with gene editing techniques in a controlled environment.
- Train students to use computational tools to model genetic pathways and predict the impact of genetic modifications on cellular and organismal functions.



# New trends in Bioengineering

## Biomaterials and Tissue Engineering

### 1. Interdisciplinary Learning:

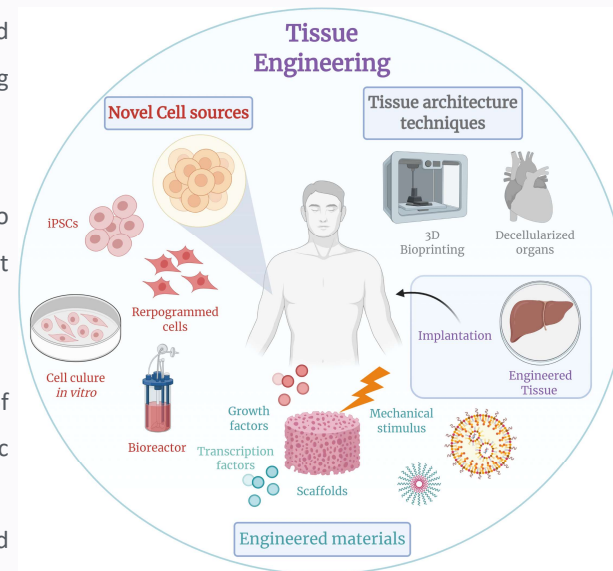
- Encourage an interdisciplinary approach by combining principles of materials science, mechanical engineering, biology, and medicine. This integration helps students understand the multi-faceted nature of biomaterials and tissue engineering, including the biological response to implanted materials and the mechanical requirements of engineered tissues.

### 2. Collaborative Projects:

- Facilitate interdisciplinary team projects where students from bioengineering, chemical engineering, and biology work together to solve complex problems in biomaterials and tissue engineering. This promotes collaboration and communication across different scientific domains.

### 3. Integration of Computational Modeling and Simulation

- Teach students to use computational tools to model the mechanical behavior, degradation, and biological interactions of biomaterials. This helps in predicting how materials will perform in vivo, optimizing material selection and design for specific applications.
- Include computational simulations in tissue engineering education to model cell-scaffold interactions, nutrient diffusion, and mechanical forces within engineered tissues. This helps students understand the complex dynamics involved in tissue growth and development.



# New trends in Bioengineering

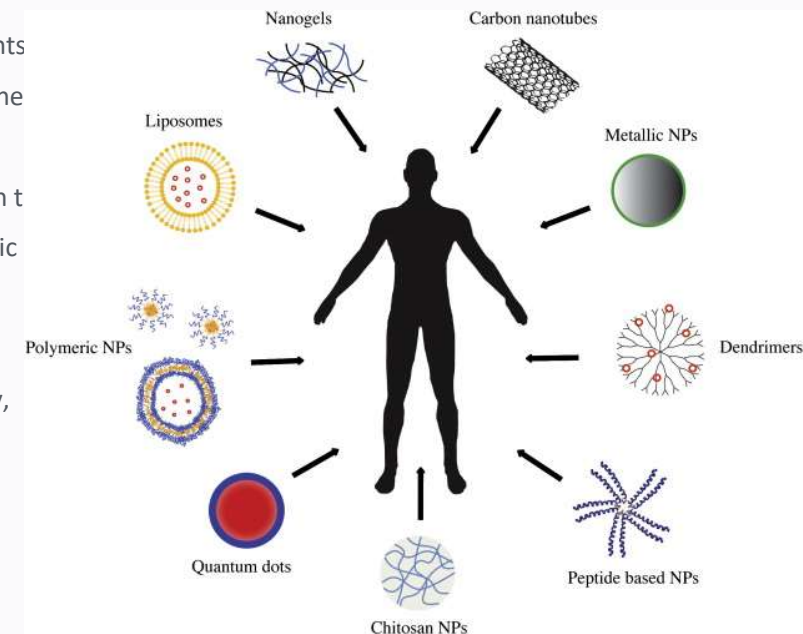
## Nanotechnology in Medicine

### 1. Hands-On Laboratory Experience

- Develop lab modules focused on designing and testing nanoparticle-based drug delivery systems. Students can work on encapsulating drugs within nanoparticles, optimizing drug release profiles, and evaluating the efficacy of these systems in vitro using cell cultures.
- Include simulations that model the biodistribution, clearance, and targeting efficiency of nanoparticles in the body. These simulations help students understand the complexities of designing nanoparticles for specific medical applications, such as targeting tumor tissues or crossing the blood-brain barrier.

### 2. Ethics in Nanomedicine

Discuss the ethical implications of using nanotechnology in medicine, including concerns about patient safety, privacy issues related to nanoscale diagnostic tools, and the potential for unintended consequences of nanomaterial exposure. Address the societal impact of nanotechnology, including its potential to reduce healthcare costs and improve access to advanced treatments.



# New trends in Bioengineering

## Point-of-Care Diagnostics

### Hands-On Laboratory Experience

- Integrate laboratory courses where students can design and fabricate POC diagnostic devices. Labs could include prototyping microfluidic devices, creating biosensors using various transducers (optical, electrochemical, piezoelectric), and developing lab-on-a-chip systems.
- Develop lab modules focused on the testing and validation of POC diagnostic devices. Students can learn to evaluate device performance, including sensitivity, specificity, limit of detection, response time, and user-friendliness.
- Include lab experiences where students analyze real or simulated biological samples (e.g., blood, saliva, urine) using POC devices. This hands-on practice helps students understand the practical considerations and challenges in sample collection, preparation, and analysis at the point of care.



# Advanced Polymer Materials Group

APMG includes 36 members specialized in the fields of chemistry, chemical engineering, medical engineering and physics



APMG members at 22nd Romanian International Conference on Chemical Engineering, Sinaia, Romania, September 7-9, 2022

## Research topics

### ➤ Synthesis of nanocomposites for various applications

- Different hybrid materials based on epoxy / benzoxazines reinforced with various nano-agents: **modified montmorillonites, modified carbon nanotubes, polyhedral oligomeric silsesquioxanes, halloysites;**

### • (Bio)materials for Tissue Engineering and Drug delivery

- Design, synthesis and complex characterization of macromolecular scaffolds with tailored properties appropriate for specific biomedical needs;
- Hybrid dental nanomaterials with enhanced properties
- Polymeric biomaterials for biomedical applications in tissue engineering, regenerative and personalized medicine
- (Bio)functionalization of polymer substrates

### ➤ Computer aided molecular design of polymers and nanocomposites

- Modelling and predicting of hybrid nanocomposites properties using computational models



# Advanced Polymer Materials Group

*APMG includes 36 members specialized in the fields of chemistry, chemical engineering, medical engineering and physics*



*APMG members at 22nd Romanian International Conference on Chemical Engineering, Sinaia, Romania, September 7-9, 2022*

## In the last 10 years

- We published more than 300 scientific articles and book chapters in prestigious WoS-indexed journals (according to Scopus, accessed 16/01/2023) accumulating more than 3900 citations;
- We managed more than 50 research projects in collaboration with national and international laboratories, as well as industrial partners accumulating a budget of over 20M euros;
- We published more than 15 national patents;
- We participated with more than 100 scientific papers presented at prestigious national and international conferences in the field of polymeric materials;



[www.apmg.upb.ro](http://www.apmg.upb.ro)

# Advanced Polymer Materials Group

Labs in 2 locations

## 1. Polizu Campus

Laboratory for Polymer nanocomposites / biomaterials synthesis

Laboratory for Advanced Chromatographic and Spectroscopic analysis

Laboratory for Thermal Characterization

Laboratory for Mechanical Characterization

Laboratory for Biological Investigation

## 2. Campus Research Institute

Laboratory of advanced methods for polymers and nanomaterials processing

Laboratory of Nanostructured Surfaces Engineering and Biomimetics

Laboratory of intelligent systems for controlled release

Complex Imagistic Analysis Laboratory



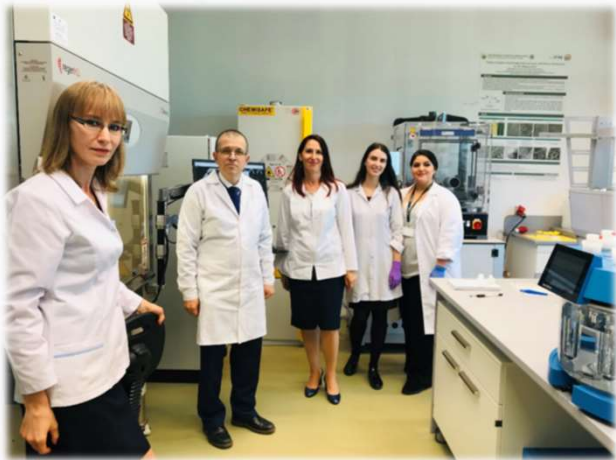
*Faculty of Chemical Engineering and Biotechnology, UPB*



*Campus Research Institute, UPB*

“Innovative Technologies for Materials Quality Assurance in Health, Energy and Environmental – Center for Innovative Manufacturing Solutions of Smart Biomaterials and Biomedical Surfaces (INOVABIOMED)”

Nano-technologies | Smart materials | Smart biofabrication | Advanced control over properties | Biomimetics | Surface engineering | Microfluidics | Bioresources for functional materials | Environmental impact | Improved Health | Personalized medicine | Nanomedicine



INOVABIOMED project management team

16 mil. Euro  
Infrastructure  
(2016-2020)

- Bio-inspired controlled architectures
- Smart drug delivery
- Scaffolds for regenerative medicine
- Smart nanoparticles
- Innovative tools to characterize advanced nanostructured materials
- Nanostructured used to stimulate optimized cellular response
- Controlled nanostructured surfaces and interfaces for nanomedicine
- Controlled nanostructured surfaces and interfaces for nanomedicine
- Controlled biomineralization on engineered advanced materials





POC-A.1-A.1.1.1- F- 2015 – Large R&D Infrastructure, Project Type Investment Projects for Public R&D Institutions / Universities, ID P\_36\_611



(Bio)fabrication for tissue engineering, personalized implants, surface engineering, bioactivation, implant analysis, advanced characterization

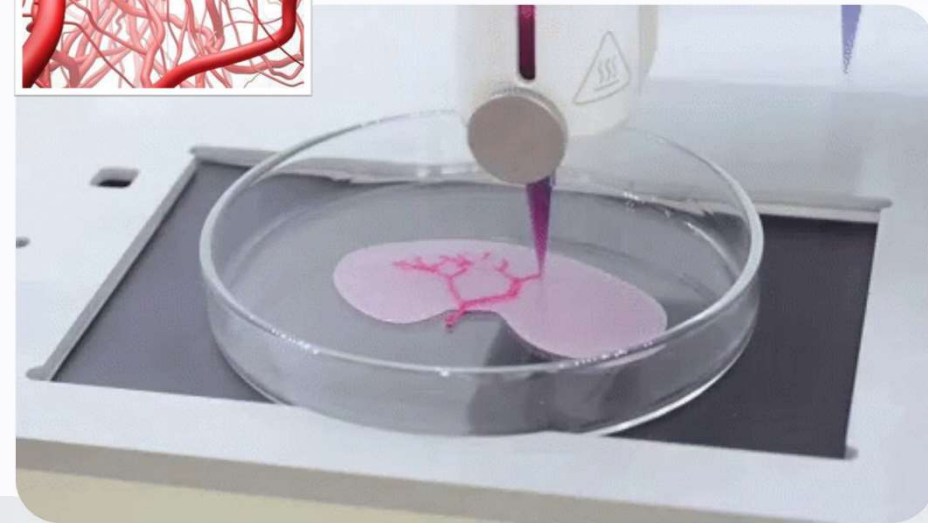
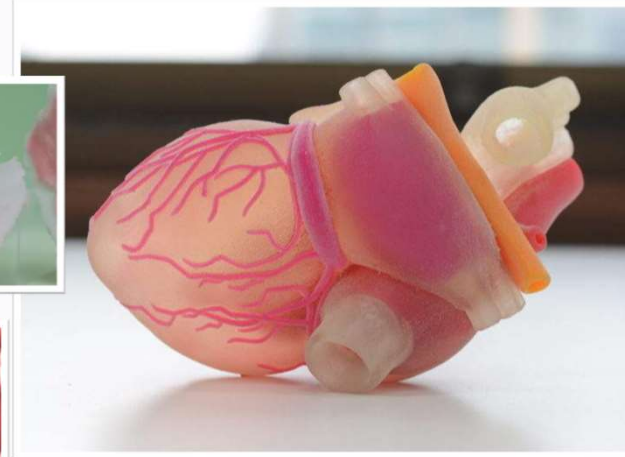
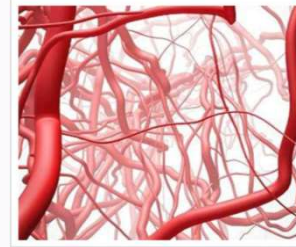


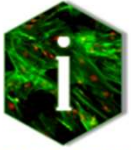
<http://apmg.pub.ro/laboratories.html> , <https://erris.gov.ro/APMG---UPB>

# Artificial organs 3D Printing



*Bioprinter for 3D cell printing  
Campus Laboratory, 4th floor*





INOVIABIMED

## *Personalized implants*



# Material Characterization

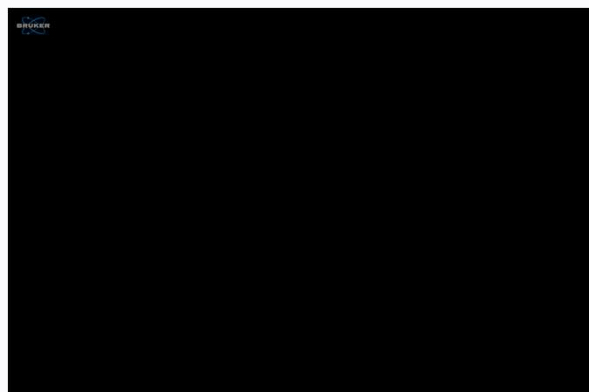


Samples view

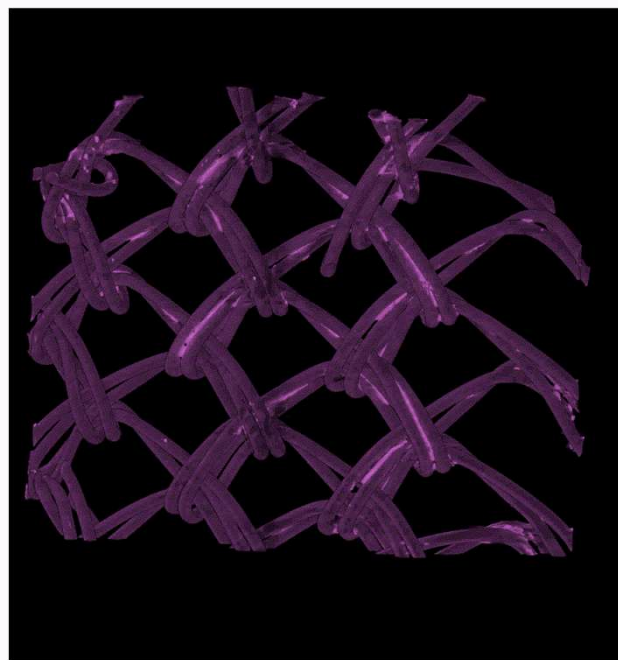
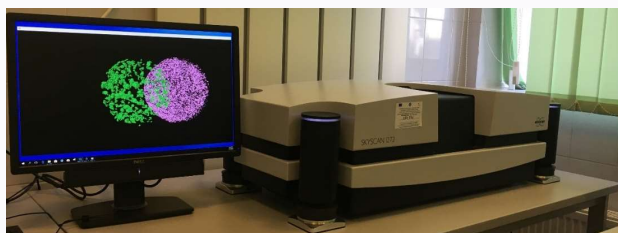
MicroCT



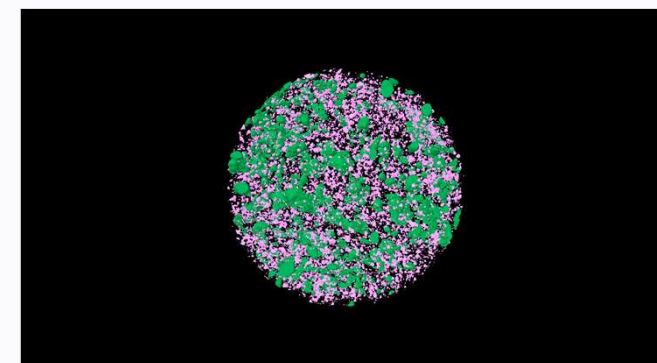
NanoCT



*Nervous tissue*



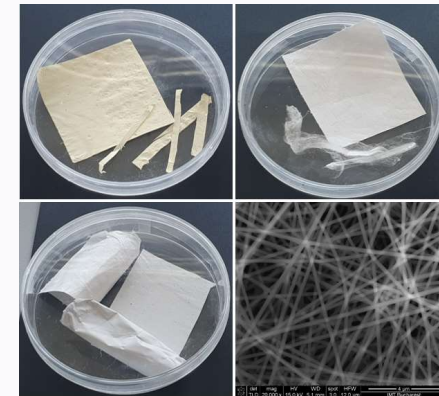
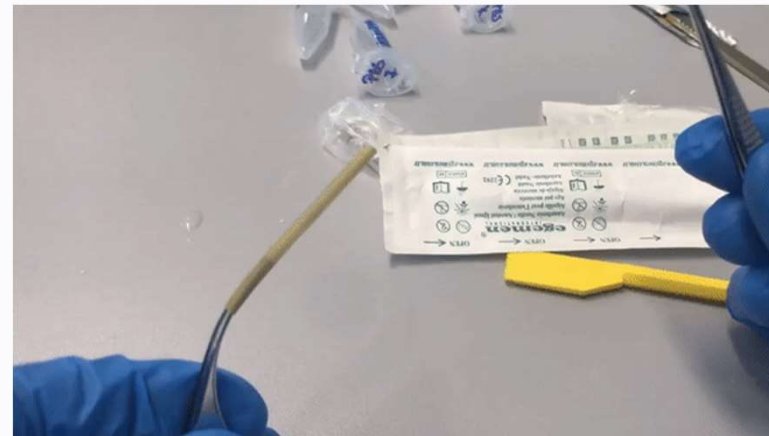
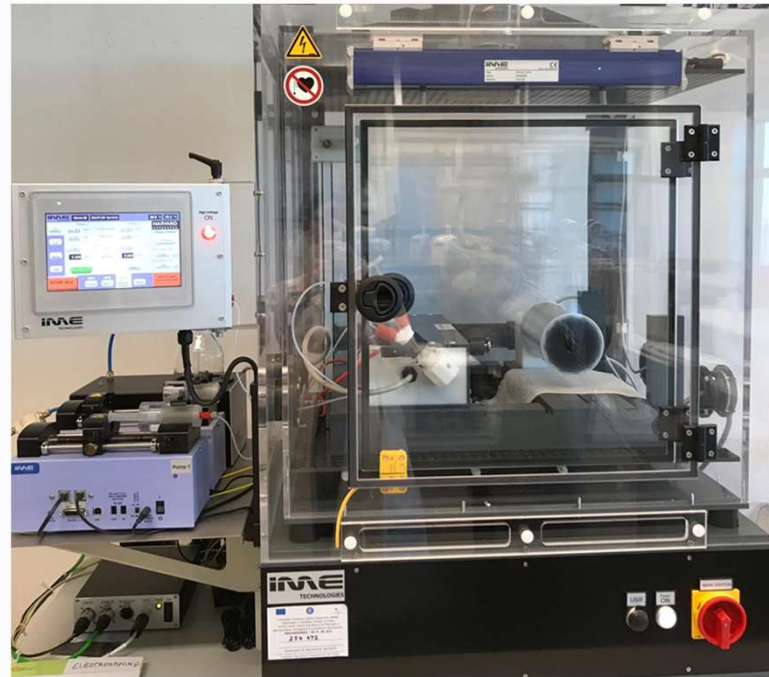
*Biofunctionalized abdominal wall fixing scaffold*



*Orthopedic cement*



# Electrospinning system for obtaining nerve conductors



Wound healing dressings based on fibers from natural polymers

The background is a solid teal color with a faint grid pattern. Overlaid on the grid are several abstract network-like structures. These structures consist of clusters of small, light-colored dots connected by thin, curved lines that form arcs across the space. The overall aesthetic is clean, modern, and tech-oriented.

Thank you!